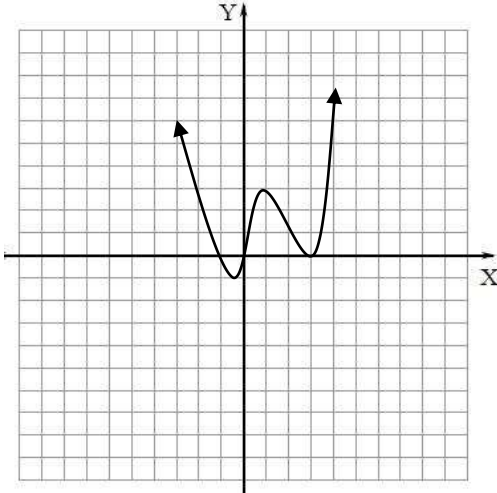


1. $f(x)$ is a degree 4 polynomial whose graph is shown below. Use the graph to factor $f(x)$.



Zeros are $-1, 0, 3$ (bounce)

$$(x + 1)(x)(x - 3)^2$$

2. Find a rational function with the following features:

x-intercepts at 5 and 3; y-intercepts at 15;

vertical asymptote at $x = 1$; horizontal asymptote at $y = 1$

$$\frac{(x - 5)(x - 3)}{(x - 1)^2}$$

3. Find the horizontal asymptote of the given function: $g(x) = \frac{x + 7}{x^2 - 3}$

$$\frac{\text{Deg} = 1}{\text{Deg} = 2} \text{ so } y = 0$$

4. Write an equation for a function with a hole in its graph at $x = 3$.

$$\frac{(x - 3)(\text{anything})}{(x - 3)(\text{anything})}$$

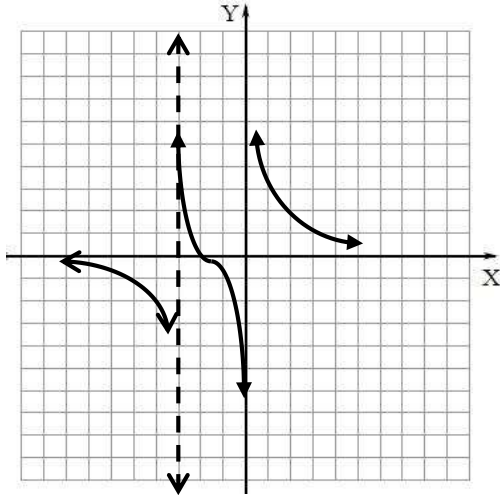
5. In the following formula, $f(x)$ is the minimum number of hours of studying required to attain a

test score of x : $f(x) = \frac{0.55x}{125.5 - x}$. How many hours of study are needed to score a 90?

$$f(x) = \frac{0.55(90)}{125.5 - 90} = 1.39 \text{ hours}$$

College Algebra Review 2

6. Find an equation for the rational function whose graph is shown below.



Follow these steps: 1) Find the vertical asymptotes.
2) Find the horizontal asymptotes
3) Find the x-intercept.

$$\frac{(x + 2)}{x(x + 3)}$$

7. If f varies jointly as q^2 and h , and $f = 64$ when $q = 6$ and $h = 2$, find q when $f = 160$ and $h = 5$.

$$F = kq^2h \Rightarrow 64 = f(6^2)(2) \Rightarrow f = 8/9 \Rightarrow 160 = (8/9)q^2(5) \Rightarrow \underline{q = 6}$$

8. Solve for x : $e^{x-6} = \left(\frac{1}{e^4}\right)^{x+6}$

$$e^{x-6} = e^{-4(x+6)}$$

$$x - 6 = -4x - 24$$

$$x = \underline{\frac{-18}{5}}$$

9. Find the future value of \$6996 invested for 8 years at 5% compounded quarterly.

$$6996(1 + \frac{.05}{4})^{4(8)} = \$10,410.96$$

10. The number of reports of a certain virus has increased exponentially since 1960. The number of cases can be approximated using the functions $r(t) = 54e^{0.006t}$, where t is the number of years since 1960. Estimate the number of cases in the year 2000.

$$r(t) = 54e^{0.006(40)} = 69 \text{ cases}$$

College Algebra Review 2

11. Solve for x: $\log_7 343 = x$

$$7^x = 343 \text{ since } 7^3 = 343, x = 3$$

OR

$$\log 7^x = \log 343 \Rightarrow x \log 7 = \log 343 \Rightarrow x = 3$$

12. Write the expression as a sum difference, or product of logarithms. Assume that all variables represent positive real numbers. $\log_a(8x^2y^3)$

$$\log_a 8 + 2\log_a x + 3\log_a y$$

13. Given that $\log_a 2 = 0.301$ and $\log_a 3 = 0.4771$, find $\log_a \sqrt{48}$

$$(1/2)\log_a 48 = \frac{1}{2}[\log_a 6 + \log_a 8] = \frac{1}{2}[\log_a 2 + \log_a 3 + 3\log_a 2] = 0.8406$$

14. Solve the rational inequality. Write the solution in interval notation and on a number line.

$$\frac{(2x - 3)(3x + 8)}{(x - 6)} \geq 0 \quad \left[-\frac{8}{3}, \frac{3}{2}\right] \cup (6, \infty)$$

15. Solve the rational inequality. Write the solution in interval notation and on a number line.

$$\frac{(x - 9)(x + 7)}{(x - 8)} \leq 0 \quad (-\infty, -7] \cup (8, 9]$$

College Algebra Review 2

16. Write the equation for the line through $(-2, -1)$ perpendicular to $-3x - 8y = -32$

$$M = \frac{-3}{8} \quad -1 = \frac{8(-2)}{3} + b \quad b = \frac{13}{3} \quad y = \frac{8}{3}x + \frac{13}{3}$$

17. Write the equation for the line through $(4, -2)$ parallel to $2x - y = 5$

$$M = 2 \quad -2 = 2(4) + b \quad b = -10 \quad y = 2x - 10$$

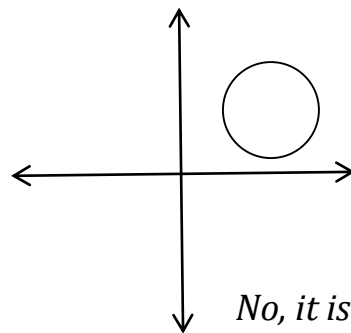
18. Determine whether the relation defines a function. Explain

a)

| # of Rounds of Golf Played in the U.S. | |
|--|--------------|
| Year(x) | # Rounds (y) |
| 1997 | 547,200,000 |
| 1998 | 528,500,000 |
| 1999 | 564,100,000 |
| 2000 | 587,100,000 |

Yes, it is a function

B.



No, it is not a funct.

19. Solve the system of inequalities

$$\begin{aligned} 2x + 8y &= 3 && (1/2, 1/4) \\ 4x - 12y &= -1 \end{aligned}$$

20. Solve the system of inequalities: $x + y \leq 4$
 $5x - y \geq 8$

